

DESMODUR 44 V 20 L

Version 5.2 Revision Date 22.01.2025 Print Date 23.01.2025

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

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Chemical name: diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

CAS-No.: 9016-87-9 **Material number:** 05596408

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use

Di-/polyisocyanate components for the production of polyurethanes

Uses advised against:

Consumer spray application is not supported.

Consumer applications that require heating above room temperature before or during use are not supported. Professional cleaning activities with Aprotic Polar Solvents are not supported.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Covestro Deutschland AG COV Global Product Safety D-51365 LEVERKUSEN

Tel.: +49 214 6009 8134

e-mail: ProductSafetyEMLA@covestro.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+1-703-527-3887 (Chemtrec)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity, Inhalative, Category 4 (H332)

Skin irritation, Category 2 (H315) Eye irritation, Category 2 (H319)

Sensitization of the respiratory airways, Category 1 (H334)

Sensitization of the skin, Category 1 (H317)

Carcinogenicity, Category 2 (H351)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (H335 (Respiratory system))

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Inhalative, Category 2 (H373 (Respiratory tract))

2.2 Label elements





Danger

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

CAS-No.9016-87-9

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Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Respiratory tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary statements:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

Supplementary hazardous characteristics and labeling elements:

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use."

2.3 Other hazards

In case of hypersensitivity of the respiratory tract (e.g. asthmatics and those who suffer from chronic bronchitis) it is inadvisable to work with the product.

Symptoms affecting the respiratory tract can also occur several hours after overexposure.

Dust, vapors and aerosols are the primary risk to the respiratory tract.

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Type of product: Substance

3.1 Substances

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Hazardous components

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Concentration [wt.-%]: 100

CAS-No.: 9016-87-9

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Acute Tox. 4 Inhalative H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Resp. Sens. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Carc. 2 H351 STOT SE 3 H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2 Inhalative H373 (Respiratory tract)

Specific threshold concentration (GHS):

 Eye Irrit. 2
 H319
 >= 5 %

 Skin Irrit. 2
 H315
 >= 5 %

 Resp. Sens. 1
 H334
 >= 0.1 %

 STOT SE 3
 H335
 >= 5 %

This contains:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Concentration [wt.-%]: >= 25 - < 50

Index-No.: 615-005-00-9 EC-No.: 202-966-0

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119457014-47-0006, 01-2119457014-47-0007, 01-2119457014-47-0008,

01-2119457014-47-0009, 01-2119457014-47-0031

CAS-No.: 101-68-8

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Acute Tox. 4 Inhalative H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Resp.

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Sens. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Carc. 2 H351 STOT SE 3 H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2 Inhalative H373 (Respiratory tract)

Specific threshold concentration (GHS):

 Eye Irrit. 2
 H319
 >= 5 %

 Skin Irrit. 2
 H315
 >= 5 %

 Resp. Sens. 1
 H334
 >= 0.1 %

 STOT SE 3
 H335
 >= 5 %

o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate; diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Concentration [wt.-%]: >= 1 - < 5

Index-No.: 615-005-00-9 EC-No.: 227-534-9

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119480143-45-0000, 01-2119480143-45-0001, 01-2119480143-45-0002

CAS-No.: 5873-54-1

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Acute Tox. 4 Inhalative H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Resp. Sens. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Carc. 2 H351 STOT SE 3 H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2 Inhalative H373 (Respiratory tract)

Specific threshold concentration (GHS):

 Eye Irrit. 2
 H319
 >= 5 %

 Skin Irrit. 2
 H315
 >= 5 %

 Resp. Sens. 1
 H334
 >= 0.1 %

 STOT SE 3
 H335
 >= 5 %

2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; diphenylmethane-2,2'-diisocyanate

Concentration [wt.-%]: >= 0.1 - < 1

Index-No.: 615-005-00-9 EC-No.: 219-799-4

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119927323-43-0000, 01-2119927323-43-0001

CAS-No.: 2536-05-2

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Acute Tox. 4 Inhalative H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Resp. Sens. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Carc. 2 H351 STOT SE 3 H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2 H373

(Respiratory tract)

Specific threshold concentration (GHS):

 Eye Irrit. 2
 H319
 >= 5 %

 Skin Irrit. 2
 H315
 >= 5 %

 Resp. Sens. 1
 H334
 >= 0.1 %

 STOT SE 3
 H335
 >= 5 %

The polymer or the polymers including their impurities are exempted from the provisions on registration according to article 2(9) of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, hence no annex is provided. The necessary information about operational conditions and Risk Management Measures (RMM) can be found in section 8 of this SDS.

Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

This product contains no substances of very high concern in concentrations where an information obligation applies (REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Article 59).

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: Soiled, soaked clothing and shoes must be immediately removed, decontaminated and disposed of.

If inhaled: Take the person into the fresh air and keep him warm, let him rest; if there is difficulty in breathing, medical advice is required.

In case of skin contact: In the event of contact with the skin, preferably wash with a cleanser based on polyethylene glycol or with plenty of warm water and soap. Consult a doctor in the event of a skin reaction.

In case of eye contact: Hold the eyes open and rinse with preferably lukewarm water for a sufficiently long period of time (at least 10 minutes). Contact an ophthalmologist.

If swallowed: DO NOT induce vomiting. Wash/clean mouth with water. Medical advice is required.

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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Notes to physician: The product irritates the respiratory tract and may trigger sensitisation of the skin and respiratory tract. Treatment of acute irritation or bronchial constriction is primarily symptomatic. Extended medical treatment may be required depending on the degree of exposure and the severity of the symptoms.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Therapeutic measures: No information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, extinguishing powder, in cases of larger fires, water spray should be used.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Burning releases carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, isocyanate vapors and traces of hydrogen cyanide. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Fire in vicinity poses risk of pressure build-up and rupture. Containers at risk from fire should be cooled with water and, if possible, removed from the danger area.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

For firefighting, self-contained breathing apparatus is required, plus a gas-tight chemical hazmat suit. Firemen must wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Do not allow contaminated extinguishing water to enter the soil, ground-water or surface waters.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on protective equipment (see section 8). Ensure adequate ventilation/exhaust extraction. Keep unauthorized persons away.

6.2 Environment related measures

Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove mechanically; cover the remainder with wet, absorbent material (e.g. sawdust, chemical binder based on calcium silicate hydrate, sand). After approx. one hour transfer to waste container and do not seal (evolution of CO2!). Keep damp in a safe ventilated area for several days.

Spill area can be decontaminated with the following recommended decontamination solution:

Decontamination solution 1: 8-10% sodium carbonate and 2% of liquid soap in water

Decontamination solution 2: Liquid/yellow soap (potassium soap with ~15% anionic tenside): 20ml; Water:700ml; Polyethylenglycol (PEG 400): 350ml

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Decontamination solution 3: 30 % commercial laundry detergent containing monoethanolamine, 70 % water

6.4 Reference to other sections

For further disposal measures see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. The precautions required in the handling of isocyanates must be taken.

Solid products: Avoid formation and deposition of dust.

Contact with skin and eyes and inhalation of dust/vapor must be avoided.

In all workplaces or parts of the plant where high concentrations of isocyanate aerosols and/or vapors may be generated (e.g. during pressure release, mold venting or when cleaning mixing heads with an air blast), appropriately located exhaust ventilation must be provided in order to prevent occupational exposure limits from being exceeded. The air should be drawn away from the personnel handling the product The efficiency of the exhaust equipment should be periodically checked. The threshold limit values noted in section 8 must be monitored.

The personal protective measures described in section 8 must be observed. Contact with skin and eyes and inhalation of vapors must be avoided under all circumstances.

Keep away from foodstuffs, drinks and tobacco. Wash hands before breaks and at end of work and use skin-protecting ointment. Keep working clothes separately. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Decontaminate, destroy and dispose of soiled protective clothing (see Section 13)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Cleaning with Aprotic Polar Solvents (meeting the IUPAC definition) may lead to formation of (hazardous) primary aromatic amines (> 0,1 %). See section 11.

Keep container tightly closed and dry. Further information on the storage conditions which must be observed to preserve quality can be found in our product information sheet.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Provide general ventilation.
Provide suitable exact ventilation.
Inspect and maintain equipment.
Hygiene measures:
Avoid skin and eye contact.
Wash off skin contamination immediately
Clear spills immediately
Provide hazard information and training to personnel

UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WEL), per EH40 document (Health & Safety Executive). If no UK value exists, EU exposure limits given where available.

8.1 Control parameters

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Components with workplace control parameters

Substance	CAS-No.	Basis	Туре	Value	Ceiling Limit Value	Remarks
diphenylmethane-diisoc yanate, isomers and homologues	9016-87-9	EH40 WEL	STEL	0.07 mg/m3		measured as NCO
diphenylmethane-diisoc yanate, isomers and homologues	9016-87-9	EH40 WEL	TWA	0.02 mg/m3		measured as NCO
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; diphenylmethane-4,4'-d iisocyanate	101-68-8	EH40 WEL	STEL	0.07 mg/m3	15 MIN	measured as NCO
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; diphenylmethane-4,4'-d iisocyanate	101-68-8	EH40 WEL	TWA	0.02 mg/m3		measured as NCO
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl) phenyl isocyanate; diphenylmethane-2,4'-d iisocyanate	5873-54-1	EH40 WEL	STEL	0.07 mg/m3		measured as NCO
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl) phenyl isocyanate; diphenylmethane-2,4'-d iisocyanate	5873-54-1	EH40 WEL	TWA	0.02 mg/m3		measured as NCO
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; diphenylmethane-2,2'-d iisocyanate	2536-05-2	EH40 WEL	STEL	0.07 mg/m3		measured as NCO
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; diphenylmethane-2,2'-d iisocyanate	2536-05-2	EH40 WEL	TWA	0.02 mg/m3		measured as NCO

The product may contain traces of phenylisocyanate.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Value type	Route of exposure	Health Effects	Value	Remarks
				Not required

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Compartment	Value	Remarks
		Not required

8.2 Exposure controls

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection required in insufficiently ventilated working areas and during spraying. An air-fed mask, or for short periods of work, a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter A2-P2 (EN529) is recommended.

In case of hypersensitivity of the respiratory tract (e.g. asthmatics and those who suffer from chronic bronchitis) it is inadvisable to work with the product.

Hand protection

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN 374:

Butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, chloroprene rubber (neoprene).

Notice: suitable materials that provide sufficient protection for industrial cleaning with Aprotic Polar Solvents

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(meeting the IUPAC definition): butyl rubber.

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.

Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent of the specific composition of the material a glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0,35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0,35 mm. Other glove materials with a thickness of less than 0,35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected.

Example:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min. Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness >=0,35mm; breakthrough time >=480min. Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness >=0,4mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Recommendation: contaminated gloves should be disposed of.

Eye protection

Use safety glasses with side shields, conforming to EN 166.

Skin and body protection

Use protective clothing (chemically resistant).

In case of hypersensitivity of the skin it is inadvisable to work with the product.

Safety precautions for handling freshly molded polyurethane parts: see section 16

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: liquid at 20 °C at 1,013 hPa

Appearance: liquid
Colour: brown
Odour: earthy, musty
Odour Threshold: not established
pH: not applicable

Pour point: $< 0 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ ISO 3016 Boiling point/boiling range: $> 300 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ at 1,013 hPa DIN 53171 Flash point: 226 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ISO 2719

Evaporation rate: not established Flammability (solid, gas): not applicable Burning number: not applicable Upper/lower flammability or not established

explosive limits:

Vapour pressure: Diphenyl-methane-diisocyanate, (MDI)

< 0,00001 hPa at 20 °C < 0,0005 hPa (50°C)

For products with a very low vapor pressure, the apparent vapor pressure may exceed the vapor pressure of the pure product due to conditions of manufacturing, storage or transportation, e.g. by solved gases like nitrogen or carbon dioxide:

 1 hPa at 20 °C
 EG A4

 12 hPa at 50 °C
 EG A4

 17 hPa at 55 °C
 EG A4

Relative vapour density: not established

Density: 1.238 g/cm³ at 20 °C DIN 51757

Miscibility with water: immiscible at 15 °C

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Water solubility: not established
Surface tension: not established
Partition coefficient not established

(n-octanol/water):

Auto-ignition temperature: not applicable

Ignition temperature: > 500 °C DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature: not established Heat of combustion: not established

Viscosity, dynamic: >= 200 mPa.s at 20 °C DIN 53019

Viscosity, kinematic: not established

9.2 Other information

The indicated values do not necessarily correspond to the product specification. Please refer to the technical information sheet for specification data.

Explosive properties: not established

Dust explosion class: not applicable

Oxidising properties: not established

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This information is not available.

10.2 Chemical stability

Polymerises at about 200 °C with evolution of CO2.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with amines and alcohols; reacts with water forming CO2; in closed containers, risk of bursting owing to increase of pressure.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

This information is not available.

10.5 Incompatible materials

This information is not available.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products when stored and handled correctly.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Please find below the data available to us:

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity, oral

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues LD50 rat, male/female: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401 Studies of a comparable product.

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Acute toxicity, dermal

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

LD50 rabbit, male/female: > 9,400 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Acute toxicity, inhalation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

LC50 rat, male/female: 0.31 mg/l, 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

The test atmosphere generated in the animal study is not representative of workplace environments, how the substance is placed on the market, and how it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore the test result cannot be directly applied for the purpose of assessing hazard. Based on expert judgment and the weight of the evidence, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

Assessment: Harmful if inhaled.

Converted acute toxicity point estimate 1.5 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Primary skin irritation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Species: rabbit Result: slight irritant

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Classification: Causes skin irritation. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Primary mucosae irritation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Classification: Causes serious eye irritation.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Sensitisation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Skin sensitisation according to Magnusson/Kligmann (maximizing test):

Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

Classification: Does not cause skin sensitization.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406 Studies of a comparable product.

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)):

Species: Mouse Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429 Studies of a comparable product.

Respiratory sensitization

Species: rat Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by inhalation.

Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

NOAEL: 0,2 mg/m3

LOAEL (Lowest observable adverse effect level): 1 mg/m3

Application Route: Inhalative

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Species: rat, male/female

Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3

Exposure duration: 2 a

Frequency of treatment: 6 hours a day, 5 days a week

Target Organs: Lungs, Nasal inner lining

Test substance: as aerosol Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Findings: Irritation to nasal cavity and to lungs.

Studies of a comparable product.

Carcinogenicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Species: rat, male/female Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3 Test substance: as aerosol Exposure duration: 2 a

Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day, 5 days/week

Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Occurrence of tumors in the highest dose group.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

No data available.

Reproductive toxicity/Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

NOAEL (teratogenicity): 12 mg/m³ NOAEL (maternal): 4 mg/m³

NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m³

Species: rat, female

Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 1 - 4 - 12 mg/m3

Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day (Exposure duration: 10 days (day 6 - 15 p.c.))

Test period: 20 d

Test substance: as aerosol Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m3

Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Genotoxicity in vitro

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Test type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic activation: with/without

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Genotoxicity in vivo

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Test type: Micronucleus test

Species: rat, male

Application Route: Inhalative (exposure period: 3x1h/day over 3 weeks)

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Studies of a comparable product.

STOT evaluation - one-time exposure

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Route of exposure: Inhalative Target Organs: Respiratory system May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT evaluation - repeated exposure

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diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Route of exposure: Inhalative Target Organs: Respiratory tract

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CMR Assessment

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation (Carc. 2).

Mutagenicity: In vitro an in vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicology Assessment

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Acute effects: Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Other information

Industrial cleaning with Aprotic Polar Solvents (meeting the IUPAC definition) may lead to formation of (hazardous) primary aromatic amines (> 0.1 %). Primary aromatic amines are chemicals that are regarded as potentially carcinogenic for humans based on animal testing. Some of these chemicals are known human carcinogens. Compliance with the control measures recommended in the exposure scenario is expected to protect against these effects.

Special properties/effects: Over-exposure entails the risk of concentration-dependent irritating effects on eyes, nose throat, and respiratory tract. Delayed appearance of the complaints and development of hypersensitivity (difficult breathing, coughing, asthma) are possible. Hypersensitive persons may suffer from these effects even at low isocyanate concentrations, including concentrations below the occupational exposure limit. Prolonged contact with the skin may cause tanning and irritant effects.

Animal tests and other research indicate that skin contact with diisocyanates can play a role in causing isocyanate sensitization and respiratory reaction.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil.

Please find below the data available to us:

12.1 Toxicity

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Acute Fish toxicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

LC50 > 1,000 mg/l

Test type: Acute Fish toxicity Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish) Exposure duration: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Chronic Fish toxicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Study scientifically not justified.

Acute toxicity for daphnia

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

EC50 > 1,000 mg/l Test type: static test

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Chronic toxicity to daphnia

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

NOEC (Reproduction) > 10 mg/l Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Acute toxicity for algae

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

ErC50 > 1,640 mg/l Test type: Growth inhibition

Species: scenedesmus subspicatus

Exposure duration: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Acute bacterial toxicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

EC50 > 100 mg/l

Test type: Respiration inhibition Species: activated sludge Exposure duration: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

NOEC (mortality) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

Toxicity to terrestrial plants

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Avena sativa (oats) Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Avena sativa (oats) Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208

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NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce) Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce)

Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208

Ecotoxicology Assessment

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Acute aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Chronic aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity Data on Soil: Not expected to adsorb on soil. The substance is graded as non-critical to soil-dwelling

organisms.

Impact on Sewage Treatment: Because of the low bacterial toxicity, there is no risk of an adverse effect on the performance of biological waste water treatment plants.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Test type: aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge

Biodegradation: 0 %, 28 d, i.e. not inherently degradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302 C

According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Test type: Hydrolysis Half life: 20 h at 25 °C

The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water.

Studies of a comparable product.

Photodegradation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Test type: Phototransformation in air

Temperature: 25 °C sensitizer: OH-radicals

Concentration sensibilisator: 500,000 1/cm3

Half-life indirect photolysis: 0.92 d Method: SRC - AOP (calculation)

After evaporation or exposure to the air, the product will be moderately degraded by photochemical

processes.

Studies of a comparable product.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 92 Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp) Exposure duration: 28 d Concentration: 0.8 µg/l

Method: OECD Test Guideline 305 E Studies of a comparable product.

An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected.

The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water.

Studies of hydrolysis products.

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Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200 Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp) Exposure duration: 28 d Concentration: 0.08 µg/l

Method: OECD Test Guideline 305 E Studies of a comparable product.

An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected.

The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water.

Studies of hydrolysis products.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available.

Environmental distribution

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues no data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Isocyanate reacts with water at the interface forming CO2 and a solid insoluble product with high melting point (polyurea). This reaction is accelerated by surfactants (e.g. detergents) or by watersoluble solvents. Previous experience shows that polyurea is inert and non-degradable.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Dispose in accordance with applicable international, national and local laws, ordinances and statutes.

For disposal within the EC, the appropriate code according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) should be used.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

After final product withdrawal, all residues must be removed from containers (drip-free, powder-free or paste-free). Packaging empty of usable product can be handed to a professional waste management company; in the EU, this is done per packaging type at collection points run by the existing take-back systems for the chemicals industry. The product and hazardous substance labelling must be left intact on the packaging.

Alternatively, the product and hazardous substance labelling can be removed if the product residues adhering to the sides are rendered non-hazardous. This packaging can also be handed to the collection points run by the existing take-back systems for the chemicals industry for packaging type-specific recycling. Containers must be recycled in compliance with national legislation and environmental regulations.

No disposal into waste water.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR/RID

14.1 UN number or ID number
14.2 UN proper shipping name
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
Not dangerous goods
Not dangerous goods
Not dangerous goods

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14.4 Packing group14.5 Environmental hazardsNot dangerous goodsNot dangerous goods

ADN

14.1 UN number or ID number
14.2 UN proper shipping name
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packing group
14.5 Environmental hazards
15 Not dangerous goods
16 Not dangerous goods
17 Not dangerous goods
18 Not dangerous goods
19 Not dangerous goods
10 Not dangerous goods
11 Not dangerous goods
12 Not dangerous goods
13 Not dangerous goods
14 Not dangerous goods

ADN (tanker only)

14.1 UN number or ID number : ID 9004

14.2 UN proper shipping name : DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) : 9 (S) 14.5 Environmental hazards : no

IATA

14.1 UN number or ID number
14.2 UN proper shipping name
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packing group
14.5 Environmental hazards
15 Not dangerous goods
16 Not dangerous goods
17 Not dangerous goods
18 Not dangerous goods
19 Not dangerous goods
10 Not dangerous goods
11 Not dangerous goods
12 Not dangerous goods
13 Not dangerous goods
14 Not dangerous goods
15 Not dangerous goods
16 Not dangerous goods
17 Not dangerous goods
18 Not dangerous goods
19 Not dangerous goods
10 Not dangerous goods
11 Not dangerous goods
12 Not dangerous goods
13 Not dangerous goods
14 Not dangerous goods
15 Not dangerous goods
16 Not dangerous goods
17 Not dangerous goods
18 Not dangerous goods
1

IMDG

14.1 UN number or ID number
14.2 UN proper shipping name
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packing group
14.5 Environmental hazards
15 Not dangerous goods
16 Not dangerous goods
17 Not dangerous goods
18 Not dangerous goods
19 Not dangerous goods
10 Not dangerous goods
11 Not dangerous goods
12 Not dangerous goods
13 Not dangerous goods
14 Not dangerous goods

14.6 Special precautions for user

See section 6 - 8.

Additional information : Keep away from foodstuffs, acids and alkalis.

Avoid temperatures below 1 °C. Avoid heat above +50 °C.

Keep dry.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Product name: Polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Pollution category: Y - Ship type: 3

Vicosity at 20°C: approx 200 mPa.s, Temperature where viscosity is 50 mPa.s:

approx 48°C Melting point: <0°C

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances. not applicable

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII)

Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: 3, 56, 74

This product contains substances subject to EU Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex XVII.

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

CAS-No.: 101-68-8, EC-No.: 202-966-0 Subject to REACH Annex XVII, No. 56, 74

o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate; diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

CAS-No.: 5873-54-1, EC-No.: 227-534-9 Subject to REACH Annex XVII, No. 56, 74

2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; diphenylmethane-2,2'-diisocyanate

CAS-No.: 2536-05-2, EC-No.: 219-799-4

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Subject to REACH Annex XVII, No. 56, 74

Any existing national regulations on the handling of isocyanates must be observed.

Other regulations

Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been conducted for this substance / mixture resp. its components.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of the hazard statements of the CLP classification (1272/2008/CE) referred to under sections 2, 3 and 10.

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

ISOPA directives for safe loading/unloading, transport and storage of TDI and MDI. See ISOPA website: www.isopa.org (Product Stewardship "Walk the Talk").

Safety precautions for handling freshly molded polyurethane parts:

Depending on the production parameters, any uncovered surfaces of freshly molded polyurethane parts using this raw material may contain traces of substances (e. g. starting and reaction products, catalysts, release agents) with hazardous characteristics. Skin contact with traces of these substances must be avoided. Therefore, during demolding or other handling of fresh molded parts, protective gloves tested according to DIN-EN 374 (e.g. nitrile rubber >= 0,35 mm thick, breakthrough time >= 480 min, or according to recommendations from glove makers thinner gloves that need to be changed in compliance with breakthrough times more frequently) must be used. Depending on formulation and processing conditions, the requirements may be different from handling of the pure substances. Closed protective clothing is required for the protection of other areas of skin.

No registration number is given for this substance because the substance or its use are exempt from registration according to article 2 of the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, the annual tonnage does not require a registration, the registration number may be confidential according to article 10 (a) (xi) or the registration is planned for a later date.

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Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises

Dangereuses par voie de Navigation intérieure

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises

Dangereuses par Route

ANSI American National Standards Institute

ASTM American Society of Testing and Materials (US)

ATE Acute Toxic Estimate

AwSv Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen

BCF Bioconcentration Factor CAS Chemical Abstract Service

CLP Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and

Mixtures

CMR Cancerogenic Mutagenic Reprotoxic
DIN Deutsches Institut für Normung
DNEL Derived No-Effect Level
EC... Effect Concentration ... %
EWC European Waste Catalogue

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC Intermediate Bulk Container

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IMO International Maritime Organization

ISO International Organization for Standardization
IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry

LOAEL Lowest Observable Adverse Effect Level

LC... Lethal Concentration, ...%

LD... Lethal Dose, ...%

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level NOEL/NOEC No Observed Effect Level/Concentration

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic
PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RiD Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de

marchandises Dangereuses

STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity
TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe
vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

WGK Wassergefährdungsklasse

Relevant changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.